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# TFT | CHARACTER | UWVD | FSC | SEGMENT | CUSTOM | REPLACEMENT

# **Character Display Module**

Part Number

C242ADBSGLY6WT55AIP

Overview

Character: 24x4(125x39), STN, Gray background, Yellow/Green LED, Bottom view, Wide temp, Transflective (positive), 5V LCD, 5V LED, Controller=AIP31066, RoHS Compliant

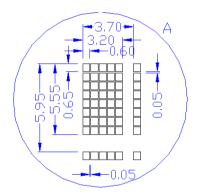


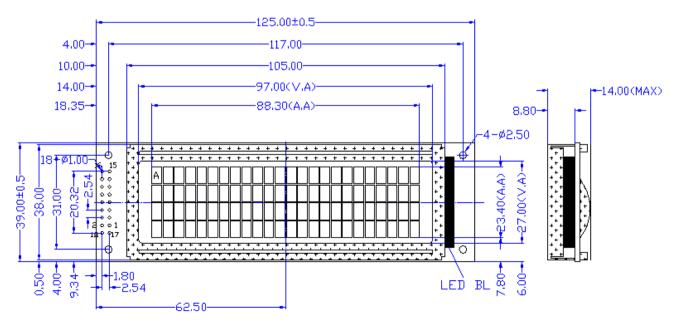
### 2. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 2.1 MECHANICAL DATA

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
NUMBER OF CHARACTERS	24(CHARACTERS) X 4(LINES)	
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	125.0(W) X39.0(H) X 14.0(T)	mm
EFFECTTVE VIEWING AREA	97.0W) X 27.0(H)	mm
ACTIVE AREA	88.3(W) X 23.4(H)	mm
CHARACTER SIZE	3.20(W) X 5.55(H)	mm
CHARACTER PITCH	3.70(W) X 5.95(H)	mm
APPROX WEIGHT	150	g

### 2.2 MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

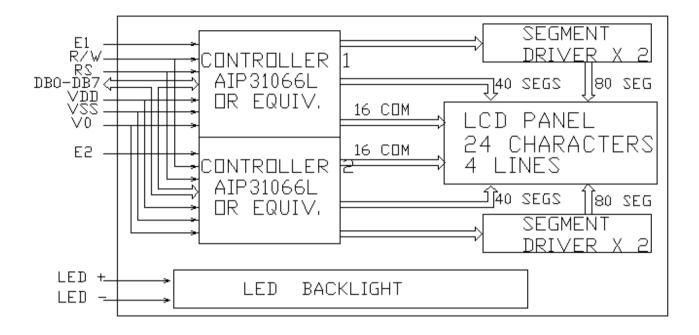






# 3. CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM

3.1 Electrical Block Diagram

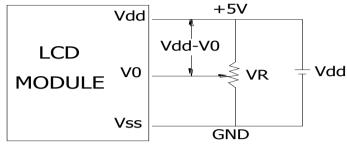


### 3.2 Pins Definition

PIN	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	Vss	Power Supply(GND)
2	Vdd	Power Supply(+5V)
3	Vo	Contrast Adjust
4	RS	Instruction/Data Register Select
5	R/W	Data Bus Line
6	E1	Enable Signal For Controller1
7-14	DB0-DB7	Data Bus Line
15	LEDA	Power Supply for LED B/L(+5V)
16	LEDK	Power Supply for LED B/L(-)
17	Vss	Power Supply(GND)
18	E2	Enable Signal For Controller2



## 3.3 Power Supply For LCM Driving



Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage VR: 10K - 20K

### 3.4 Display Character Address Code

Display position	1	2	3	4	5	 20	21	22	23	24	
DDRAM	80	81	82	83	84	93	94	95	96	97	USE E1
ADDRESS	C0	C1	C2	C3	C4	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	ENABLE

Display position	1	2	3	4	5	 20	21	22	23	24	
Biopiay poolaon	•	-	Ŭ	•	Ŭ	20	- ·			- ·	USE
DDRAM	80	81	82	83	84	93	94	95	96	97	ENA
ADDRESS	C0	C1	C2	C3	C4	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	

USE E2 ENABLE

\*NOTE: ALL OF THE NUMBERS ARE IN HEX FORMAT

### 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUN RATINGS

4.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating Voltage	Vdd	-	+0.3	+7.0	V
Supply Voltage	V0	-	0.3	+17.0.5	V
Supply Voltage	V1,V2,V3,V4	-	0.3	V0	V
Input Voltage	Vi	-	-0.3	Vdd +0.3	V
Output Voltage	Vo	-	-0.3	Vdd+0.3	V



ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating Temp	Тор	Extended temp.	0	50	deg C
Storage Temp	Tst	version	-20	70	deg C
Humidity	RH	no condensation	-	95	%
Endurance		Ta<=40 deg			
Vibration	-	100-300Hz, X/Y/Z	-	4.9m/ss	-
		directions, 1 hour		0.5g	
Shock	-	10 mS X/Y/Z		29.4m/ss	-
		direction 1 time		3.0g	
		each			

### 4.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

## **5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### 5.1 DC Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics at Ta=25 deg C, Vdd =5.0V + / -10%, VSS=0V

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	ТҮР	ΜΑΧ	UNIT
Supply Voltage (logic)	Vdd-Vss	<b>Ta=25</b> ℃	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Supply Voltage for LCD	Vlcd	Ta=25℃	4.0	4.5	5.0	V
Input Signal Voltage	V-ih	"H" level	0.8Vdd	-	Vdd	V
	V-il	"L" level	Vss	-	0.2Vdd	V
Supply current	Idd	Vdd=5.0V	-	1.0	1.5	mA

### 5.2 AC Characteristics

TIMING SPECIFICATIONS at Ta = 25 deg C, Vdd = 5V+/-10%, Vss =0V For Write mode

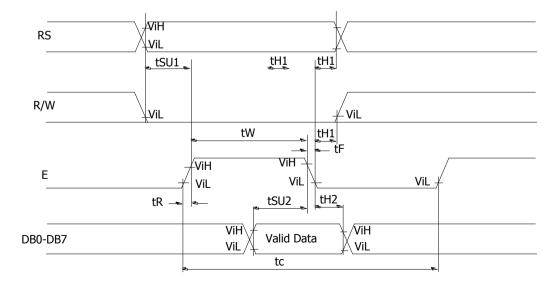


ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
E cycle time	tc	500	-	ns
E rise time	tR	-	25	ns
E fall time	tF	-	25	ns
E-pulse width (H, L)	tw	220	-	ns
R/W and RS set-up time	tsul	40	-	ns
R/W and RS hold time	tH1	10	-	ns
Data set-up time	tsu2	60	-	ns
Data hold time	tH2	10	-	ns

### For Read mode

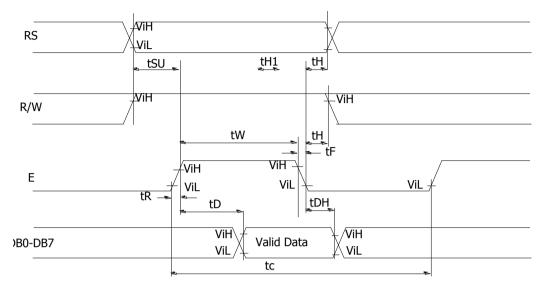
ITEM	SYBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
E cycle time	tc	500	-	ns
E rise time	tR	-	25	ns
E fall time	tF	-	25	ns
E-pulse width (H, L)	tw	220	-	ns
R/W and RS set-up time	tsu	40	-	ns
R/W and RS hold time	tH	10	-	ns
Data output delay	tD	-	120	ns
Data hold time	tDH	20	-	ns

#### WRITE MODE TIMING DIAGRAM





#### READ MODE TIMING DIAGRAM



## **6. BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS**

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward Voltage	Vf*		4.7	5.0	5.2	V
Forward Current	If	Vf=5.0V	-	60	-	mA
Reverse Voltage	Vr	-	-	-	8	V
Peak Wave Length	λΡ	Vf=5.0V	-	682(WHITE)	-	nm
Power Dissipation	Pd	Vf=5.0V	-	250	-	mW

\*Vf is the voltage applied to LEDA and LEDK



LED CIRCUIT DIAGAM(LED 1X3=3 dies)



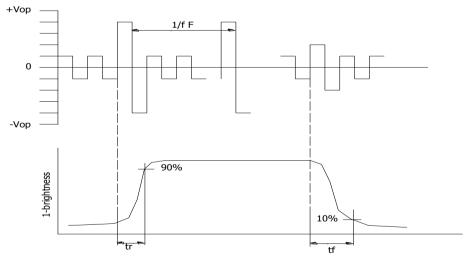
## 7. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REF.
Contrast	CR	<b>25</b> ℃	4				Note1
Rise Time	tr	<b>25</b> ℃		160	240	ms	Note2
Fall Time	tf	<b>25</b> ℃		100	150	ms	note 2
Viewing	θ 1-θ 2	<b>25</b> ℃			60		Nata 2
Angle	Ø1, Ø2	<b>25</b> C	-40		40	DEG	Note 3
Frame Frequency	Ff	<b>25</b> ℃		70		Hz	note 2

Note(1): Contrast ratio is defined under the following condition:

- CR= <u>brightness of selected condition</u> brightness of non-selected condition
- (a). Temperature-----25C
- (b). Frame Frequency-----64Hz
- (c). Viewing angle----- $\theta = 0, \emptyset = 0$
- (d). Operating Voltage---5.0V

### Note(2): definition of response time:

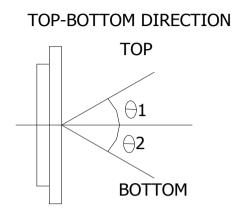


Condition:

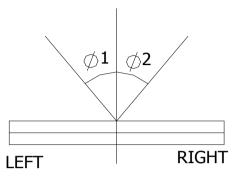
- (a). Temperature-----25C
- (b). Frame Frequency-----64Hz
- (c). Viewing angle----- $\theta = 0, \emptyset = 0$
- (d). Operating Voltage---5.0V



Note(3): definition of view angle:



### **RIGHT-LEFT DIRECTION**





# 8. DISPLAY CONTROL INSTRUCTION

### 8.1 INSTRUCTION TABLE

Function	R	F	D	D	D	D	D	D		Description	Execu
	S	W							BE		Time*
			7	6	5	4	3	2	1		_
	0	0	0	_	0	0				Ole and antice display and not may the average to	(Max)
Clear Display										Clears entire display and returns the cursor to home position (address 0)	
Return Home										Return the cursor to the home position. DD RAM contents remain unchanged. Set DD RAM address to zero.	
Entry mode set									/	Set cursor moving direction and enable the shift of the display. These operations are performed during data write/read of DD RAM/CG RAM. 1/D=1: increment; 1/D=0: decrement; S=1: whole display shift when data is written.	
Display ON/OFF control										cursor(B) ON/OFF. D=1:display ON; D=0: display OFF. C=1:Cursor ON; C=0:cursot OFF. B=1:Blink ON; B=0, Blink OFF.	
Cursor or Display shift							/ C	/ L		Move the cursor and shift the display without changing DDRAM contents. S/C=1: Display Shift; S/C=0:Cursor move. R/L=1:shift to right; R/L=0:shift to left.	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	D	N	F	X)	Set interface data length (DL), number of display lines (N) and character font (F).DL=1: 8 bits; DL=0: 4 bits. N=1: 2 lines; N=0: 1 lines. F=1: 5X11 dots; F=0: 5X7 dots.	•
Set CG RAM add	0	0	0	1		A	C	G		Set CG RAM address. CG RAM data is sent and received after this setting.	•
Set DD RAM Add						A				Set DD RAM address. DD RAM data is sent and received after this setting.	•
Read BF & Addr			F	AC						Read BUSY FLAG (BF) and the contents of the address counter. BF=1: internal operation; BF=0: can accept instruction.	
Write Data to RAM	1	0		1	W D	R A				Write data into DD RAM or CG RAM.	40
											μS**
Read Data from RAM	1	0	F	RE	A	D	D	A	ΓA	Read data from DD RAM or CG RAM.	40 μS**



# 8.2 Character code

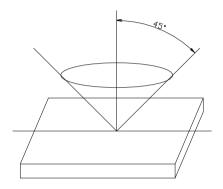
Upper															
4 bit Lower 4 bit	LLIH	LIHL	1.1.1111	LHLL	LHEH	LHHL	снин	HLII.	н.1.н	ніні	нінн	HHLL	ннын	FIFILIT.	11000
1.L.L.L														Ċ.	P
LLLH															
1LH1				B	R	b									
1 L H H						¢.									<b></b>
LHLL		4		D											
1 HL H						2					3			6	
1.1111		8	6		Ļ	ſ	•				I				
LHHH		7	ľ		U	9									π
HLL1		£			X	h	28							r	X
нссн				I	Y	1					T				
HLHL															
нгнн						k					T				
HHLL		2			T	1								æ	
ннгн						m									
ннні.												╞╪┲╋╪			
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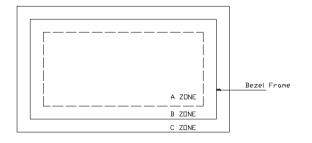
### 9. INSPECTION STANDARDS

9.1 Inspection Conditions

The LCD shall be inspected under 40W white fluorescent light. The distance between the eyes and the samples shall be more than 30cm. All directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45 degree against perpendicular line.



### 9.2 Definition of Applicable Zone



- A Zone: Active Display Area
- B Zone: Area from Bezel Frame to A Zone
- C Zone: Rest Area of Bezel
- A Zone + B Zone=Effective Viewing Area



### 9.3 Standards

ן [	NO	PARAMETER		CRITE	=RIA					
ŀ	NO		CRITERIA							
			Round Shape							
				Acceptable Number						
			DIMENSION(	MM)	Α	В	С			
			D≤		*	*	*			
			0.1<		5	5	*			
			0.2<		0	1	*			
			0.3		0	0	*			
		Black and White Spots, Foreign Substances	D=(long+short)/2 * Disregard							
	1		Line Shape							
			V/mm	Acceptable Number						
			X(mm) Y(mm)		Α	В	С			
			-	0.02≥W	*	*	*			
			2.0≥L	0.03≥W	3	3	*			
			1.0≥L	0.04≥W	1	2	*			
			1.0≥L	0.05≥W	0	2	*			
			-	0.05 <w< td=""><td colspan="4">Not acceptable</td></w<>	Not acceptable					
			X: Length Y: Width * Disregard							
			Total defects shall not exceed 5.							
				<u>г</u>						
			Dimension(mm)		Acceptable Number					
					A	В	C			
	2	Air Bubbles	D≤	0.1	*	*	*			
		(Between glass	0.1<[		5	5	*			
		and polarizer)	0.2<[		0	1	*			
			0.3 <d *<="" 0="" td=""></d>							
			*: Disregard Total defects shall not exceed 3.							
ŀ			(1) Dot Shape(with dent)							
			(·) ·····························							
3			0.15 2							
	The Shape of									
		Dot								
			As per the sketch of left hand.							



		Should not connect to next dot. (3) Pin Hole				
		(X+Y)/2<0.2mm (less than 0.1mm is not counted Total defects shall not exceed 5.				
4	Polarizer Scratches	Not to be conspicuous defects.				
5	Polarizer Dirts	s If the stains are removed easily from LCD surface,the module is not defective.				
6	Color Variation	or Variation Not to be conspicuous defects.				

# **10. PRECAUTIONS IN USING LCM**

### 1. LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY (LCD)

LCD is made up of glass, organic sealant, organic fluid, and polymer based polarizers. The following precautions should be taken when handing,

(1). Keep the temperature within range of use and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel off or bubble.

(2). Do not contact the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead. To clean dust off the display surface. Wipe gently with cotton. Chamois or other soft material soaked in petroleum benzin.

(3). Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately. Contact with water over a long period of time may cause polarizer deformation or color fading, while an active LCD with water condensation on its surface will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.

(4). Glass can be easily chipped or cracked from rough handing. especially at corners and edges.

(5). Do not drive LCD with DC voltage.

### 2. Liquid Crystal Display Modules

### 2.1 Mechanical Considerations

LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.

- (1). Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the tabs on the metal frame.
- (2). Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its



components or modifying its pattern.

(3). Do not touch the elastomer connector, especially insert an backlight panel (for example, EL).

(4). When mounting a LCM make sure that the PCB is not under any tress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.

(5). Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels.

#### 2.2. Static Electricity

LCM contains CMOS LSI's and the same precaution for such devices should apply, namely

(1). The operator should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads, the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

(2). The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

(3). Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

(4). If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

(5). The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

(6). Since dry air is inductive to statics, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

### 2.3. Soldering

- (1). Solder only to the I/O terminals.
- (2). Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- (3). Soldering temperature: 280  $\degree C \pm 10\degree C$
- (4). Soldering time: 3 to 4 sec.
- (5). Use eutectic solder with resin flux fill.

(6). If flux is used, the LCD surface should be covered to avoid flux spatters. Flux residue should be removed after wards.

#### 2.4. Operation

(1). The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage V0.

(2). Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.

(3). Response time increases with decrease in temperature.

(4). Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

(5). Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) nay cause the segments to appear "fractured".

#### 2.5. Storage

If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. Never swallow the fluid. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.